

City of Alexandria

301 King St., Room 2400 Alexandria, VA 22314

Legislation Text

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City of Alexandria, Virginia

MEMORANDUM

DATE: MARCH 29, 2022

TO: THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL

THROUGH: JAMES F. PARAJON, CITY MANAGER /s/

FROM: KENDEL TAYLOR, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

DOCKET TITLE:

Consideration of the Monthly Financial Report for the Period Ending February 28, 2022.

<u>ISSUE</u>: Receipt of the Monthly Financial Report for the Period Ending February 28, 2022.

RECOMMENDATION: That City Council receives the Monthly Financial Report.

BACKGROUND: The following discussion is a summary of the Monthly Financial Report for this period. Detailed comparative schedules are attached.

General Fund Revenues

As of February 28, 2022, General Fund revenues totaled \$450.5 million, a decrease of \$14.9 million or 3.2 percent compared to the same period in FY 2021. In November 2021, the City refunded \$11.8 million of existing debt to generate a savings of debt service of approximately \$0.6 million., including \$0.2 million in FY 2022. A similar refunding occurred in FY 2021 of \$49.6 million of outstanding debt. For comparison purposes, without the refinanced bond proceeds, total revenue in FY 2022 is \$438.7 million, which is \$23.2 million more than FY 2021, or a 5.6 percent increase.

The first significant tax revenue in FY 2022 was due on October 5, when personal property taxes for vehicle and business personal property were due. In FY 2021, through February 2021, the City had received \$49.4 million of personal property tax revenue. For the same period in FY 2022, the City has received \$54.8 million. The second half of calendar year real estate taxes were due on November 15. Through February 2022, the City has received \$236.5 million of real estate tax revenue compared to \$235.5 million in FY 2021 (February 2021).

Revenues often do not track consistently with a monthly calendar since many revenue sources have due dates that do not occur evenly through the year. Large revenue sources, such as real estate and personal property tax revenues are remitted twice per year and once per year, respectively. Through the first seven months of the fiscal year several categories, including Restaurant Meals, and Sales Tax Revenue are reflecting positive condition. Transient Occupancy Tax collections underperformed in FY 2021 but are also showing positive indications in FY 2022.

In addition to the revenues and expenditure schedules, Attachment 3 provides a comparison of the City's primary local taxes related to

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consumer spending. Sales Tax revenue continues to exceed prior years. Through December 2021, Sales Tax revenue exceeded the prior year by \$2.4 million, or 14.7 percent. A portion of the sales tax increase can be attributed to on-line purchases where the purchase originates in a warehouse (Amazon, Wayfair, etc.) and sales tax is designated for the jurisdiction where the home delivery of the online purchase occurred. An in-store purchase may originate online but the assembly or distribution occurs from a 'bricks and mort" place. For in store purchases, the sales tax is attributed to the jurisdiction where the store is located. Regardless of the origination, the City benefits from sales that occur, either from the home of residents or from City businesses.

With seven months of collections in FY 2022 (Restaurant Meals taxes are remitted to the City one month after they are collected.), Restaurant Meals tax revenues are 30.7 percent or nearly \$3.6 million above where they were in the first eight months of FY 2021. Transient Lodging is showing signs of improvement. Through the first eight months of FY 2022 (seven months of collections), revenues exceed the same period in FY 2021 by \$2.0 million or 82.1 percent. During the pandemic in FY 2021, Transient Lodging tax revenue was down from the prior (pre-pandemic) year by approximately 70 percent. Revenues collected through calendar year 2021 were slightly more than half the amount collected in calendar year 2019. Weekend stays from leisure travel is largely driving the revenue growth, as business travel during the week remains subdued. With the surge in cases from the Omicron variant, revenue from Transient Lodging taxes was lower in January than in prior months.

General Fund Expenditures

As of February 28, 2022, FY 2022 General Fund expenditures totaled \$445.5 million, a decrease of \$11.7 million or 2.6 percent compared to the same time period for FY 2021. Similar to the situation related to revenue, the transfer to the escrow agent of the refunded bond proceeds skews the comparison to the prior year. For comparison purposes, without the \$11.7 million impact from the bond refunding, total expenditures are \$412.5 million, a \$26.2 million increase compared to FY 2021, or 6.4 percent. No significant expenditure has occurred in the first eight months of Fiscal Year 2022 that is unbudgeted or unexpected. The most significant difference is the timing and source of payments. For example, the City's contribution to WMATA is funded from several sources. Last year, General Fund resources were conserved, and a greater portion of the contribution came from other sources compared to this year in which the budgeted General Fund contributions are being utilized. The other anomaly across all departments compared to FY 2021 is the approximately \$7.2 million in pay adjustments that were provided to employees in November 2021 and \$2.1 million for the 1 percent bonus in August 2021.

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment 1: Comparative Statement of General Fund Revenues Attachment 2: Comparative Statement of General Fund Expenditures

Attachment 3: Consumer Spending comparison charts

STAFF:

Laura B. Triggs, Deputy City Manager Kendel Taylor, Director, Finance Department Morgan Routt, Director, Office and Management and Budget

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING FEBRUARY 28, 2022 AND FEBRUARY 28, 2021

	B FY 2022 APPROVED		B.1 FY 2022 PROJECTED		C		D=C/B			E	\mathbf{F}		G=F/E
						FY2022	%			FY 2021	FY2021 REVENUES		%
					I	REVENUES			A	APPROVED			
		BUDGET	I	REVENUES	TH	IRU 2/28/2022	OF B	UDGET		BUDGET	TH	IRU 2/28/2021	OF TOTAL
General Property Taxes													
Real Property Taxes	\$	483,311,548		493,535,498	\$	236,509,000		48.9%	\$	477,554,000	\$	235,457,812	49.3%
Personal Property Taxes		55,126,000		59,376,000		54,783,170		99.4%		55,213,000		49,384,849	89.4%
Penalties and Interest		2,600,000		3,092,000		2,218,998		85.3%		2,808,000		1,206,102	43.0%
Total General Property Taxes	\$	541,037,548	\$	556,003,498	\$	293,511,168		54.2%	\$	535,575,000	\$	286,048,763	53.4%
Other Local Taxes													
Local Sales and Use Taxes	\$	31,720,000		35,000,000	\$	18,433,437		58.1%	\$	26,194,000	\$	16,066,365	61.3%
Consumer Utility Taxes		11,760,000		11,760,000		6,566,088		55.8%		12,700,000		6,386,847	50.3%
Communication Sales and Use Taxes		7,600,000		7,600,000		4,507,297		59.3%		8,275,000		5,479,515	66.2%
Business License Taxes		34,135,900		37,364,300		26,205,763		76.8%		22,000,000		20,760,460	94.4%
Transient Lodging Taxes		6,500,000		10,000,000		4,448,498		68.4%		10,833,000		2,443,239	22.6%
Restaurant Meals Tax		19,980,000		24,000,000		15,404,468		77.1%		20,500,000		11,790,173	57.5%
Tobacco Taxes		1,957,000		1,957,000		1,269,733		64.9%		2,600,000		1,255,457	48.3%
Real Estate Recordation		8,645,000		8,645,000		5,422,810		62.7%		5,900,000		5,831,780	98.8%
Admissions Tax		124,000		231,000		152,840		123.3%		500,000		46,588	9.3%
Other Local Taxes		4,595,000		4,595,000		738,246		16.1%		5,109,090		(86,630)	-1.7%
Total Other Local Taxes	\$	127,016,900	\$	141,152,300	\$	83,149,180		65.5%	\$	114,611,090	\$	69,973,794	61.1%
_													
Intergovernmental Revenues					_								
Revenue from the Fed. Government	. \$	7,932,000		7,944,000	\$	3,964,386		50.0%	\$	11,109,303	\$	4,959,539	44.6%
Personal Property Tax Relief from													
the Commonwealth		23,578,531		23,578,531		23,106,960		98.0%		23,578,531		23,106,960	98.0%
Revenue from the Commonwealth		25,617,409		24,966,000		13,630,220		53.2%		23,547,855		12,679,956	53.8%
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	57,127,940	\$	56,488,531	\$	40,701,566		71.2%	\$	58,235,689	\$	40,746,455	70.0%
Other Governmental Revenues And													
Transfers In													
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	3,762,200		3,465,200	\$	1,729,940		46.0%	\$	3,502,615	\$	1,968,342	56.2%
Licenses and Permits		2,136,550		1,938,850		1,570,840		73.5%		2,339,631		3,536,982	151.2%
Charges for City Services		13,724,495		13,433,320		9,365,843		68.2%		14,308,344		5,417,734	37.9%
Revenue from Use of Money & Prop		4,139,167		3,405,000		2,319,736		56.0%		5,498,250		2,389,590	43.5%
Other Revenue		2,115,013		2,151,500		1,299,264		61.4%		2,019,966		1,025,943	50.8%
Transfer from Other Funds		10,142,543		10,243,676		5,071,272		50.0%		9,246,427		4,416,124	47.8%
Total Other Governmental Revenues	\$	36,019,968	\$	34,637,546	\$	21,356,895		59.3%	\$	36,915,233	\$	18,754,715	50.8%
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	761,202,356	\$	788,281,875	\$	438,718,809		57.6%	\$	745,337,012	\$	415,523,727	55.7%
Refunding bond proceeds	\$	11,782,546	\$	11,782,546	\$	11,782,546					\$	49,887,196	
Appropriated Fund Balance													
Operating Budget	\$	10,000,000			\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,934,086	\$	-	-
Cash Capital.													
Encumbrances And Other		5,590,127				-		-		-		-	-
Supplemental Appropriations		13,360,207	_	1,870,815	_		-		_	4,435,709	_	-	
TOTAL	\$	801,935,236	\$	801,935,236	\$	450,501,355	_	56.2%	\$	760,706,807	\$	465,410,923	61.2%

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS BY FUNCTION GENERAL FUND

FOR THE PERIODS ENDING FEBRUARY 28, 2022 AND FEBRUARY 28, 2021

		В		C	D=C/B		E	F		G=F/E
		FY 2022 APPROVED	EX	FY2022 KPENDITURES	% OF BUDGET		FY 2021 APPROVED	EX	FY2021 PENDITURES	% OF BUDGET
FUNCTION		BUDGET	Т	HRU 2/28/2022	EXPENDED		BUDGET	TI	IRU 2/28/2021	21 EXPENDED
Legislative & Executive	\$	4,778,319	\$	3,080,769	64.5%	\$	3,577,587	\$	2,166,166	60.5%
Judicial Administration	\$	45,029,421	\$	28,473,791	63.2%	\$	45,687,423	\$	28,102,375	61.5%
Staff Agencies										
Communications.	\$	1,651,966	\$	837,470	50.7%	\$	1,567,258	\$	814,673	52.0%
Human Rights.		1,008,210		646,610	64.1%		939,907		589,042	62.7%
Information Technology Services		14,121,129		8,761,645	62.0%		13,118,675		8,216,043	62.6%
Management & Budget Finance		1,476,120 13,217,108		760,279 7,410,163	51.5% 56.1%		1,274,629 12,853,748		741,124 7,438,160	58.1% 57.9%
Performance Analytics		690,787		362,356	52.5%		509,772		339,648	66.6%
Internal Audit		461,431		251,029	54.4%		412,464		229,586	55.7%
Human Resources		5,051,787		2,527,459	50.0%		4,158,277		2,661,678	64.0%
Planning & Zoning		6,764,770		3,840,232	56.8%		5,937,014		3,602,854	60.7%
Economic Development Activities		7,036,340		5,049,973	71.8%		7,123,390		5,182,640	72.8%
City Attorney		3,847,491		2,436,361	63.3%		3,751,516		2,010,629	53.6%
Registrar		1,428,386		870,565	60.9%		1,468,351		899,514	61.3%
Organizational Excellence		193,448		89,772	46.4%		169,548		132,173	78.0%
General Services		11,602,845		7,090,951	61.1%		11,531,122		5,896,298	51.1%
Total Staff Agencies	\$	68,551,818	\$	40,934,865	59.7%	\$	64,815,671	\$	38,754,062	59.8%
Operating Agencies										
Transportation & Environmental Services	s	24,775,471	\$	13,698,037	55.3%	\$	24,052,240	\$	13,209,535	54.9%
Project Implementation		-		-	0.0%		-		25	0.0%
Fire		53,157,528		33,950,958	63.9%		52,442,480		32,238,844	61.5%
Police		61,943,107		38,525,675	62.2%		62,515,668		38,192,894	61.1%
Community Policing Review		500,000		8,000	0.0%		-		-	
Emergency Communications		9,145,532		5,377,695	58.8%		8,743,235		5,233,436	59.9%
Code		-		-	0.0%		24,000		3,143	13.1%
Transit Subsidies		19,280,052		13,952,086	72.4%		18,138,079		712,216	3.9%
Housing		1,829,441		1,232,210	67.4%		1,807,163		1,246,664	69.0%
Community and Human Services		15,908,362		10,307,396	64.8%		14,850,323		9,295,041	62.6%
Health		8,946,872		6,075,794	67.9%		9,130,362		6,250,392	68.5%
Historic Resources		3,942,134		2,185,355	55.4%		3,566,620		2,200,267	61.7%
Recreation		25,308,382		14,568,904	57.6%		23,236,276		12,781,351	55.0%
Total Operating Agencies	\$	224,736,881	\$	139,882,110	62.2%	\$	218,506,446	\$	121,363,808	55.5%
Education										
Schools	\$	239,437,296	\$	119,718,648	50.0%	\$	234,037,296	\$	117,018,648	50.0%
Other Educational Activities		15,785		11,839	75.0%		16,009		12,007	75.0%
Total Education	\$	239,453,081	\$	119,730,487	50.0%	\$	234,053,305	\$	117,030,655	50.0%
Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous										
Debt Service - City	\$	36,851,668	\$	29,901,447	81.1%	\$	37,288,071	\$	30,898,191	82.9%
•	\$		Ψ		81.1%	Ψ	28,578,698			82.9%
Debt Service - Schools	3	28,633,966		23,233,603	99.4%		28,378,098	\$	23,681,303	0.0%
Non-Departmental	\$	11,782,546 17,542,970		11,710,136 10,266,349	58.5%		9,692,339		49,618,630 7,938,615	81.9%
General Cash Capital	\$	34,804,271		16,969,152	48.8%		27,338,144		12,795,520	46.8%
Contingent Reserves.	9	1,104,170		10,505,132	0.0%		4,268,703		12,773,320	0.0%
Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous	\$	130,719,591	\$	92,080,687	70.4%	\$	107,165,955	\$	124,932,259	116.6%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	713,269,111	\$	424,182,709	59.5%	\$	673,806,387	\$	432,349,325	64.2%
Cash Match (Transportation/DCHS/										
and Transfers to Special Revenue / Capital Projects Funds)	\$	55,838,331	\$	7,153,000	12.8%	\$	55,736,960	\$	7,406,547	13.3%
Transfer to Housing		4,588,522		2,294,261	50.0%		4,717,217		2,358,609	50.0%
Transfer to Library		7,680,826		373,921	4.9%		7,176,355		144,782	2.0%
Transfer to DASH		20,558,446		11,493,256	55.9%		20,251,474		14,901,090	73.6%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS	\$	801,935,236	\$	445,497,147	55.6%	\$	761,688,393	\$	457,160,353	60.0%
Total Expenditures by Category										
Salaries and Benefits	\$	240,751,310	\$	148,173,617	61.5%	\$	227,712,075	\$	142,271,161	62.5%
Non Personnel (includes all school funds)	_	561,183,926	\$	297,323,530	53.0%	_	533,976,318	\$	314,889,192	59.0%
Total Expenditures	\$	801,935,236	\$	445,497,147	55.6%	\$	761,688,393	\$	457,160,353	60.0%

